

Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief

INTRODUCTION

Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief is allocated the largest portion of the social security budget (26%) of the government. The Ministry is mainly responsible for disaster risk management and response. It is also involved in managing workfare programmes for the poor to ensure social security including food security. The Ministry is closely related with the Ministry of Food, which supplies required food to many programmes of the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief. The Ministry also works in close collaboration with the Local Government Division. The Ministry has been assigned by the NSSS the responsibility of leading the labour/livelihood intervention cluster. The vision of is "to reduce the risk of people, especially the poor and the disadvantaged, from the effects of natural, environment and human induced hazards" with a mission "to achieve a paradigm shift in disaster management from conventional response and relief to a more comprehensive risk reduction culture, and to promote food security as an important factor in ensuring the resilience of communities to hazards".



The strategic objective of the Ministry's social safety nets is to strengthen disaster relief and workfare programmes.

PROJECTS

MoDMR has implemented 17 Social Security Programmes up to now. In 2017-18, it is implementing 12 Projects, these are;

- 1. General Relief Activities
- 2. Block Allocation for Disaster Management
- 3. Non-Bengali Rehabilitation
- 4. Housing Support
- Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGF) 5.
- 6. Test Relief (TR) Food**
- 7. Gratuitous Relief (GR)
- 8. Food for Work (FFW)**
- 9. Work For Money (WFM)
- 10. Test Relief (TR) Cash
- 11. Employment Generation Programme for the Poor
- 12. Urban Resilience Project (DNCC & DDM)

**TR Food and FFW has no budget in FY 2017-18



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CHALLENGES

The nature and incidence of disaster is not the same in different geographical locations of the country, depending on hazard zones. Therefore, it is very important to identify the nature of disaster prone areas and take necessary measures beforehand. If food markets collapse as a result of disasters, with the market failing to ensure availability of food items, a food based disaster response is required. Therefore, the main challenge for the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief is to prepare disaster maps/update vulnerability maps to make the cash and food support more effective.

WEBSITE: <u>http://www.modmr.gov.bd/</u>

Prepared by Social Security Policy Support (SSPS) Programme, the Cabinet Division and the General Economics Division, with technical assistance from DFID/UNDP, supports the Government to roll out the National Social Security Strategy (NSSS). www.socialprotectionbd.org

